



Tideway

Project Controls: Challenges and Solutions

Michael Nightingale

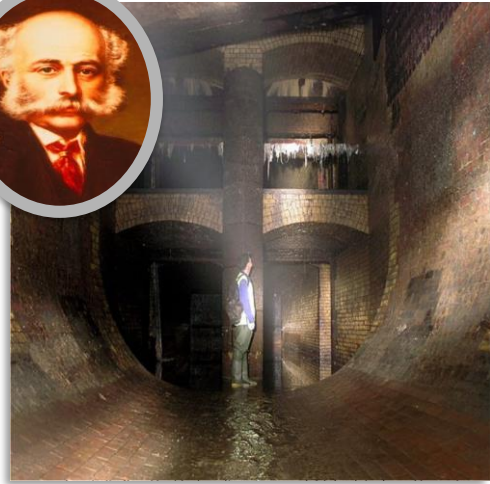
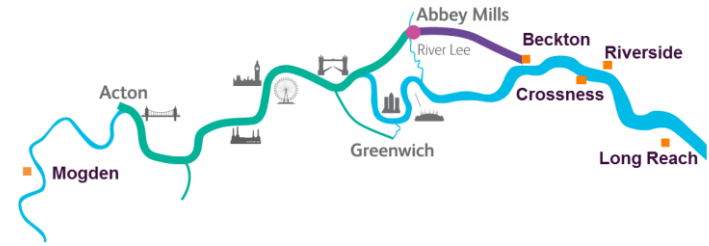
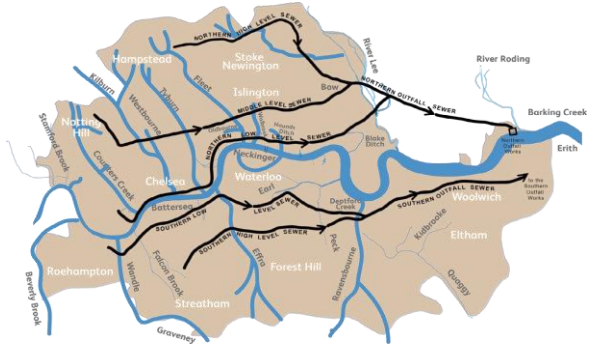
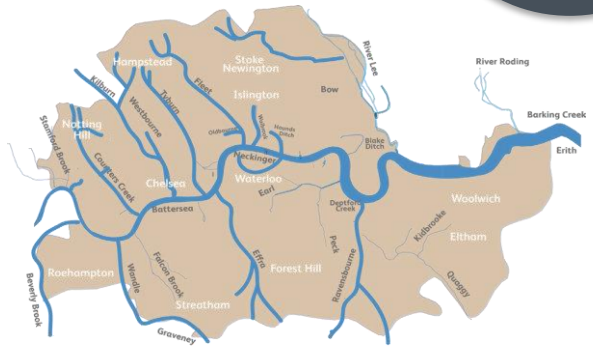
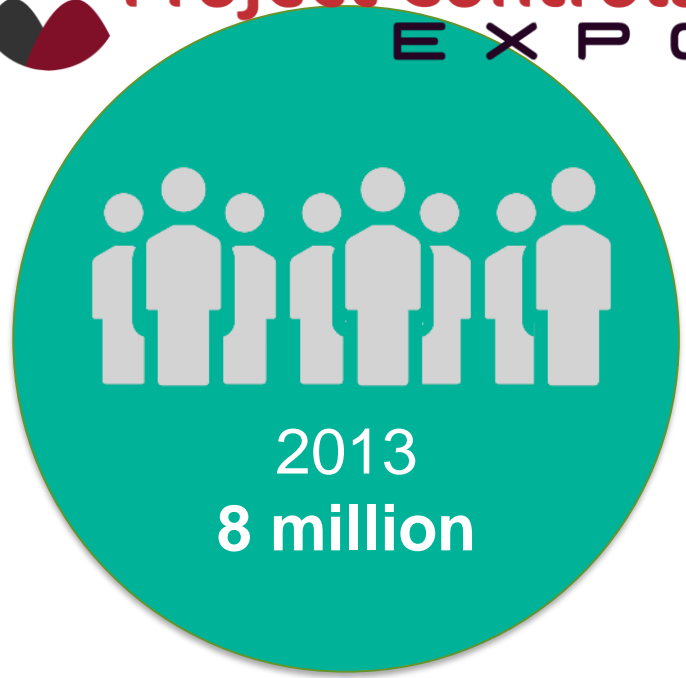
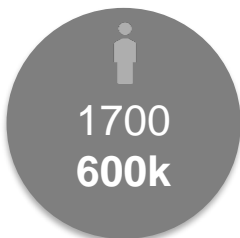
16th November 2016



Project Controls
EXPO






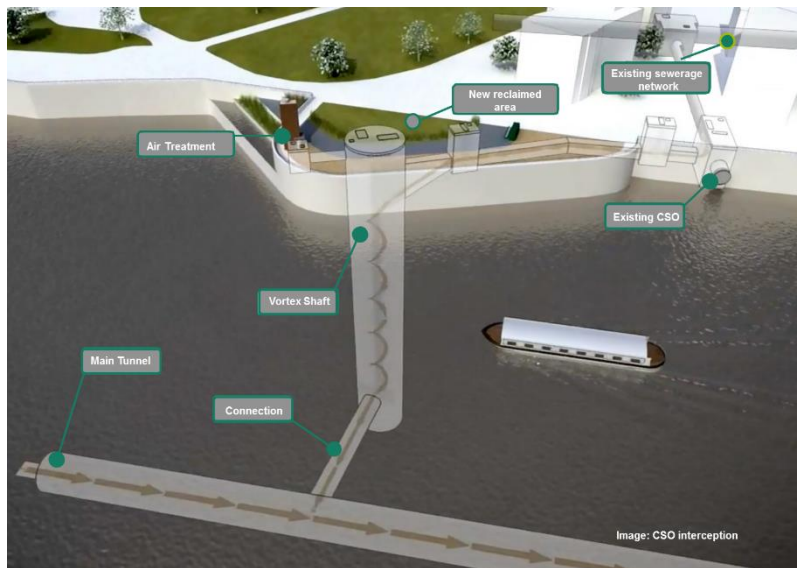
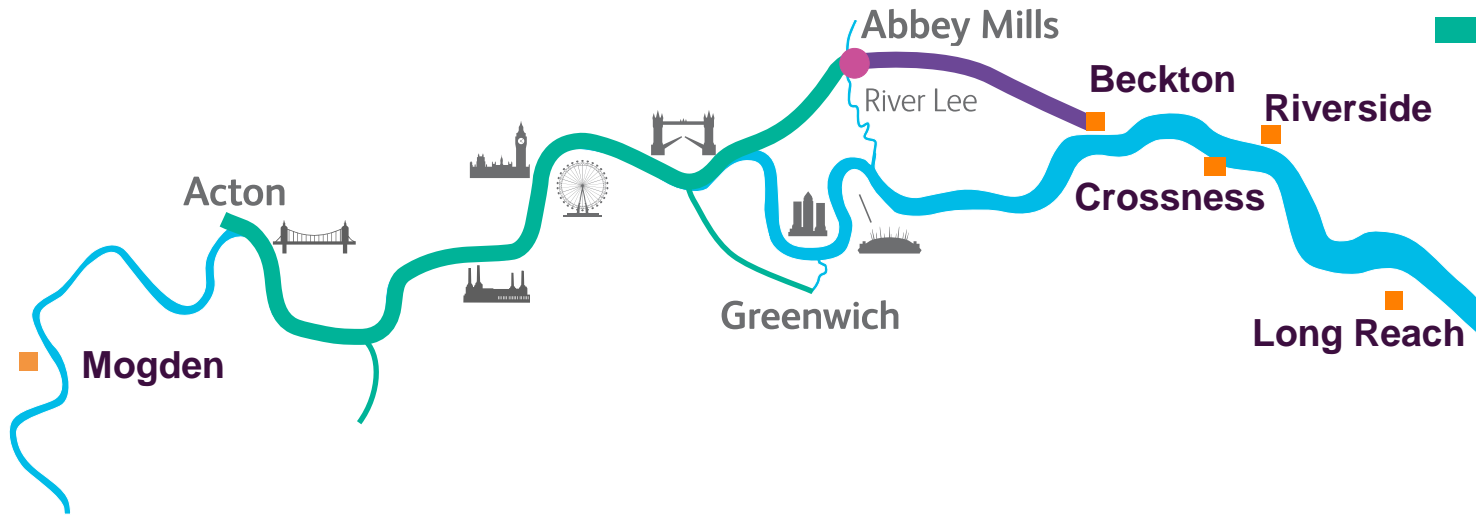
History of London's Sewers



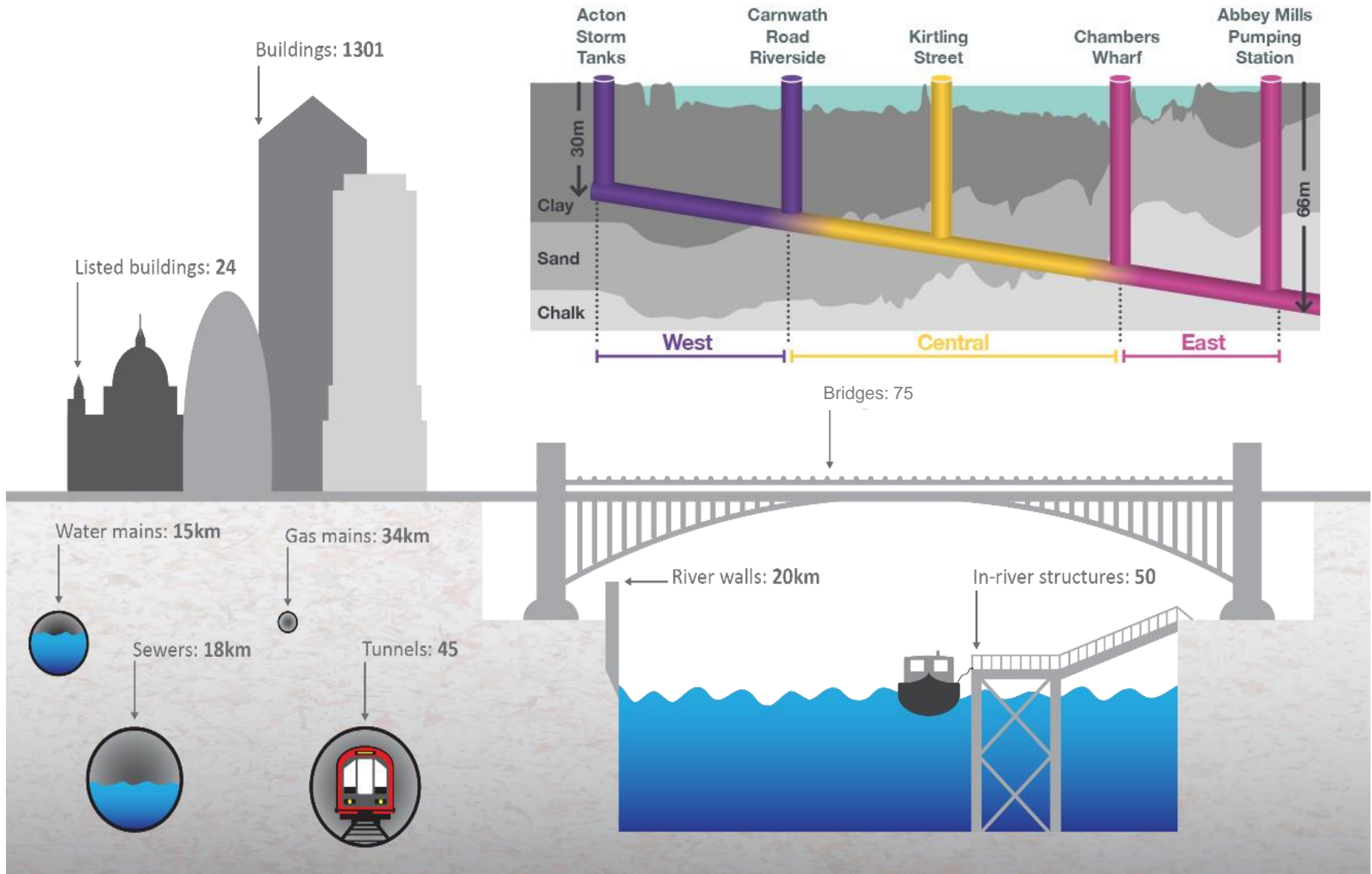
- In 2015, **62 million** cubic metres of sewage discharged to the tidal River Thames.
- 50 discharges on average in a typical year.

London Tideway Improvements

-  Sewage Works Upgrades
-  Lee Tunnel
-  Thames Tideway Tunnel



Tunnelling challenges



Reconnecting London with the Thames Project Controls E X P O

Our challenge is to build a new sewer for London, to prevent the frequent pollution of the River Thames.



Our vision is not just to clean up the Thames but to promote a change in the relationship between London (and Londoners) and their river.

Blackfriars: Before



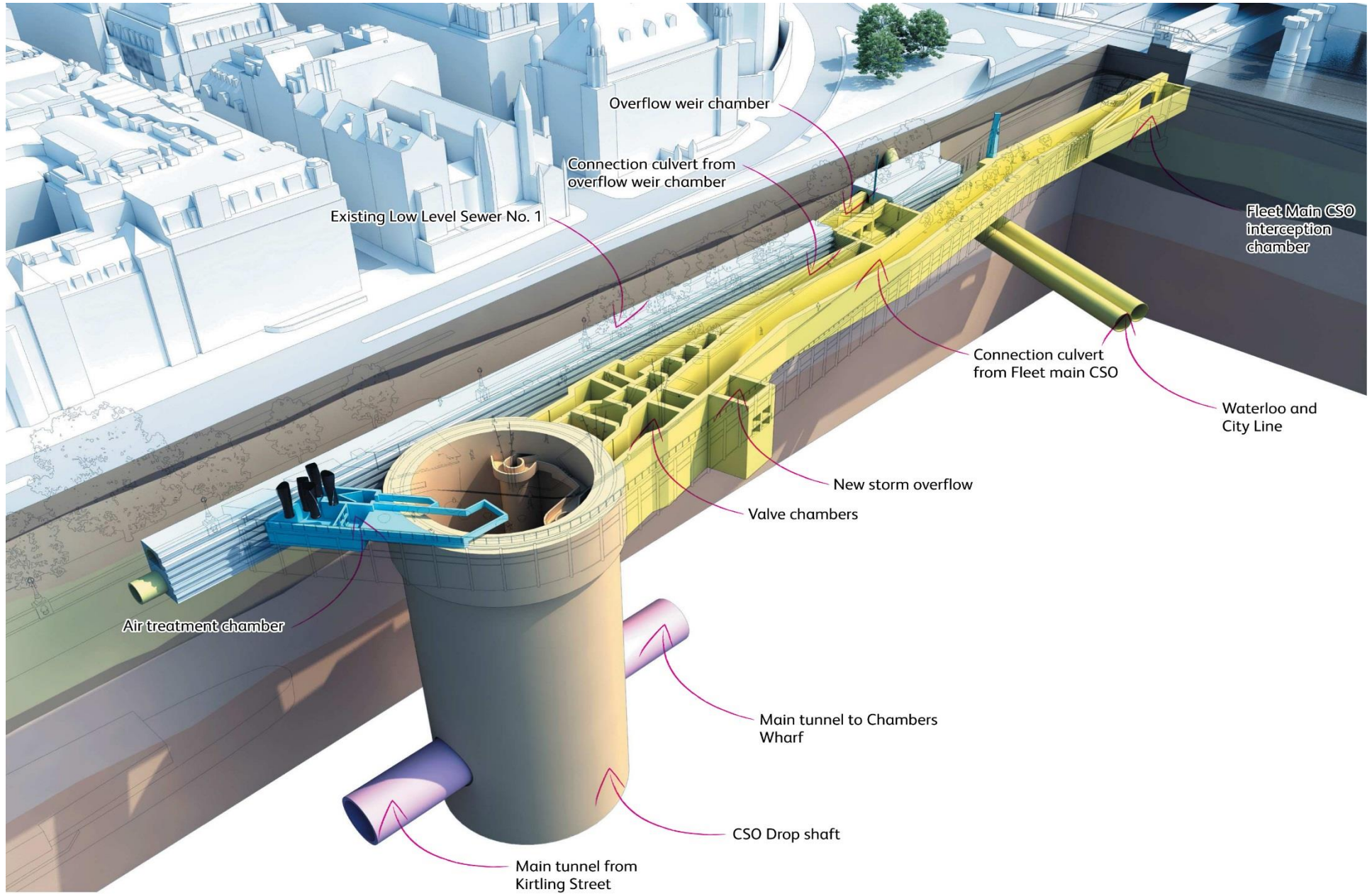
Blackfriars: After



Blackfriars: below ground infrastructure



Project Controls
E X P O



The Tideway project directly impacts multiple stakeholders



Our challenge is to be **‘in control’** of our Project during delivery in order to:

Business Case

- Strategic Benefits
- Investment in Resources
- Business Risk



Investors



Contractors



- ✓ Protect the Business Case
- ✓ Maintain the validity of the commitment and investment decisions



Stakeholders



It's been a long road just to get to the start line...

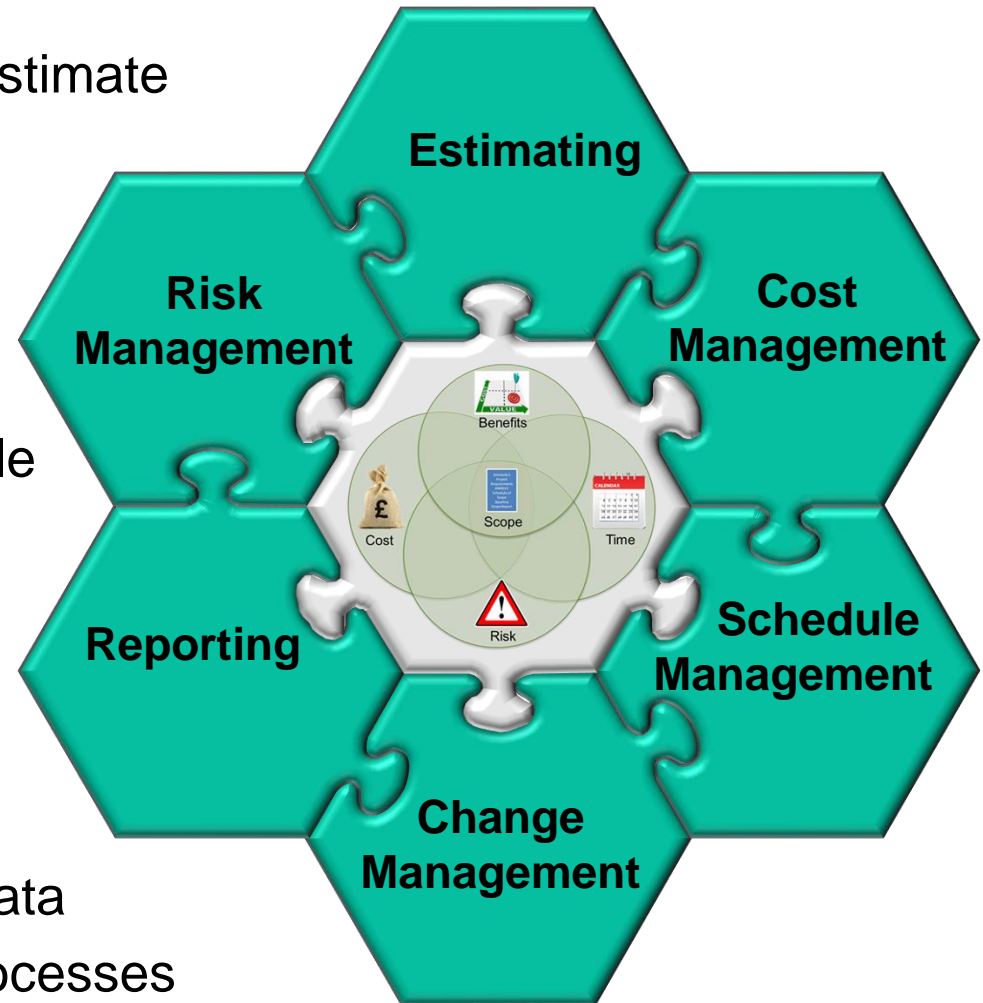
Challenge: developing a robust delivery baseline

A lot to be proud of...

- ✓ Multiple revisions of the evolving estimate
- ✓ Securing the IP Licence Award
- ✓ Confidence for Investors
- ✓ Regulatory Settlement
- ✓ Building strong foundations
- ✓ An integrated, incentivised schedule

Watch out for...

- ! A hard slog
- ! Communication with other teams
- ! Dealing with uncertainty
- ! Record assumptions and source data
- ! Evolve the maturity of data and processes
- ! Effective data 'handshakes' between systems



Solution: Building a coherent structure for the baseline

- The project's scope is articulated in the Project Breakdown Structure.
- The PBS integrates the WBS, OBS and CBS.
- The consistent structure supports control, data analysis & reporting.

The PBS levels

Level 1: Project (e.g. Thames Tideway Tunnel)

Level 2: Organisation (e.g. TTTL / TWUL)

Level 3: Directorate (e.g. West / Central)

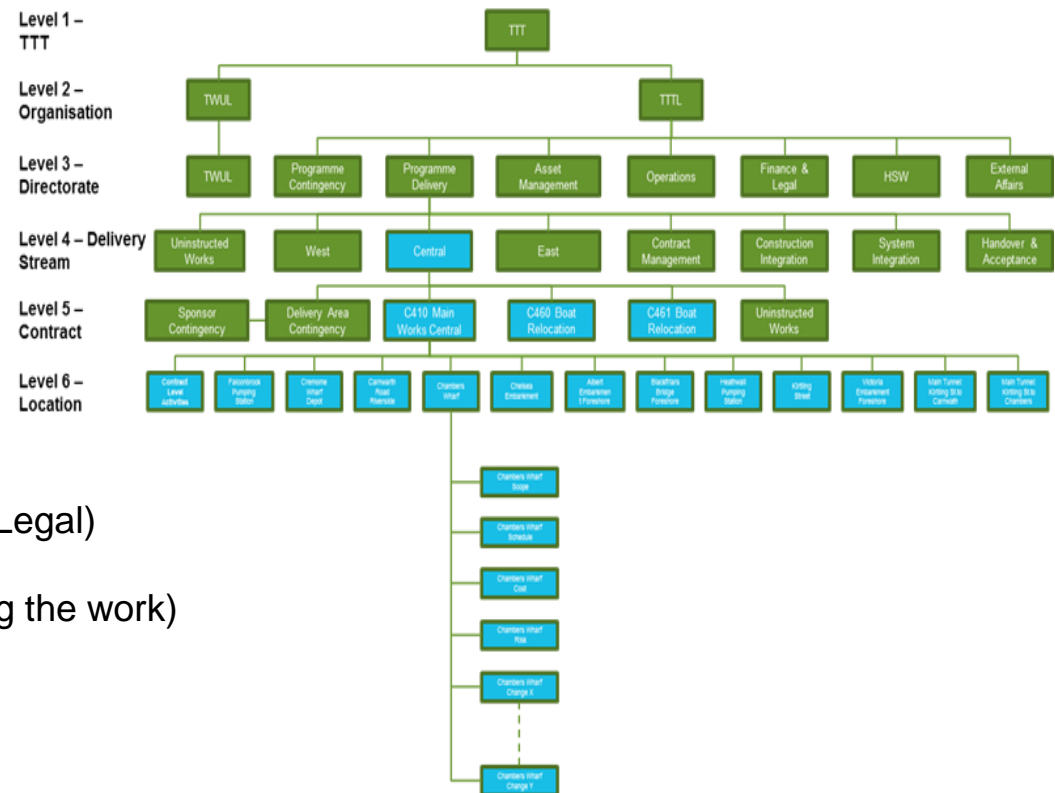
Level 4: Delivery Stream / Function (e.g. Finance / Legal)

Level 5: Contract / Department; (the entity delivering the work)

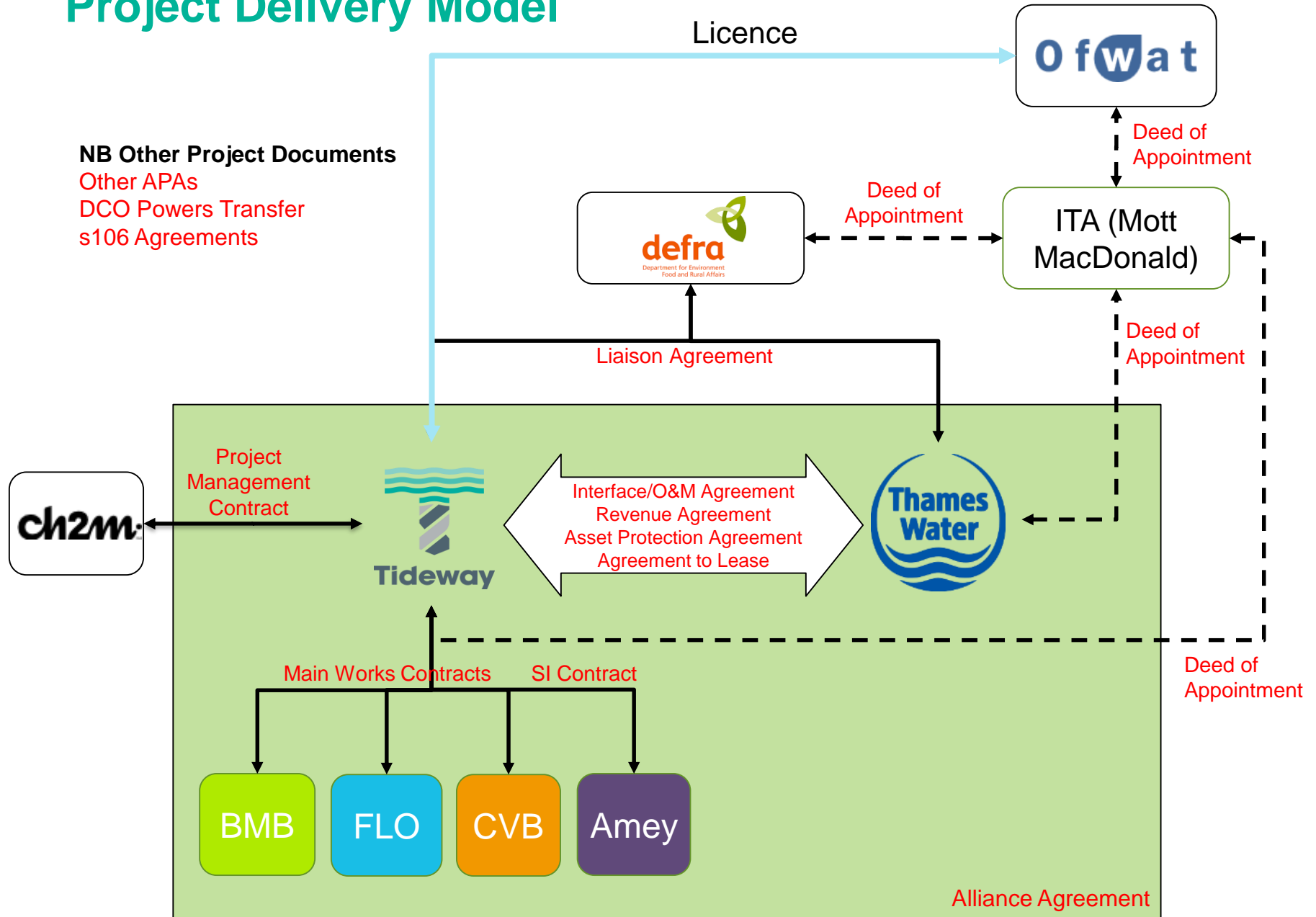
Level 6: Location; (e.g. Putney)

Level 7: Life Cycle (e.g. Design, Commissioning)

Level 8: Work Type (e.g. Drop Shafts, Main Tunnel)



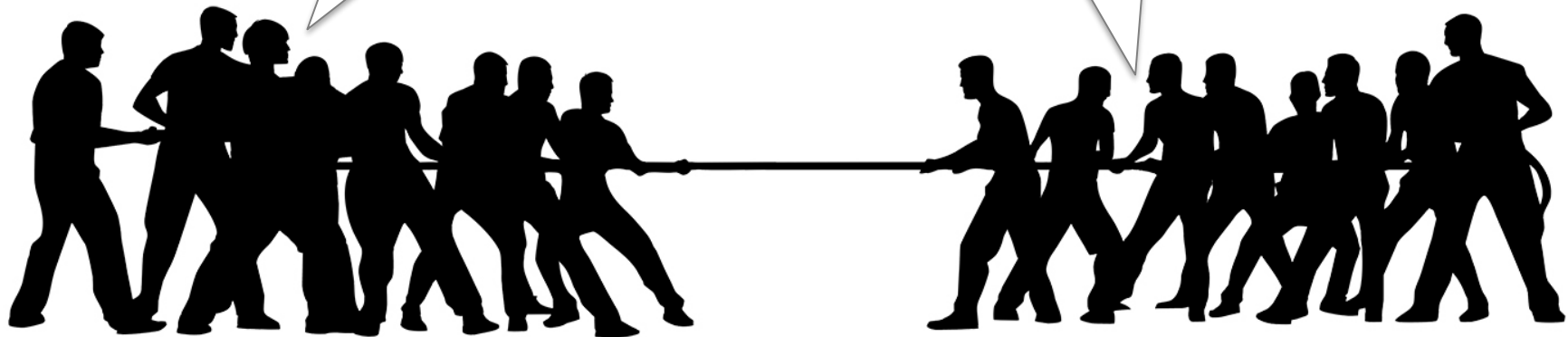
Project Delivery Model



Challenge: Balancing the conflicting priorities

Have we covered all of our project's legal, regulatory and process requirements?

We need to maintain progress and deliver the works; what's the decision so we can crack on?



Recognising these priorities is key to engaging correctly with Project teams

Challenge: finding a realistic level of control

Managing contract change within a NEC3 framework requires prompt decision-making.

Project change processes may require more detail and further consultation.

A decision from the Variation procedure may take nearly 6 months to come through.

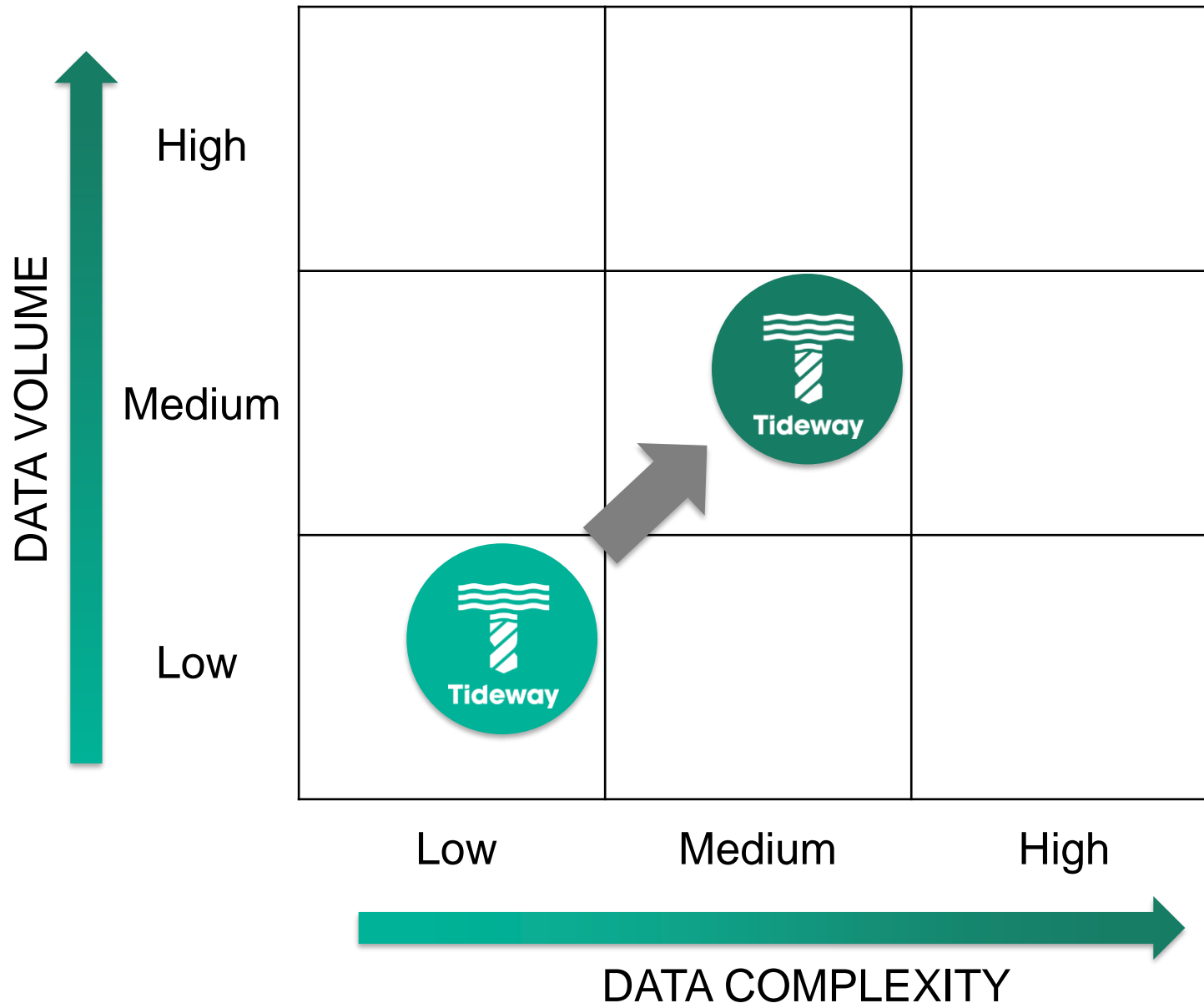
Human nature suggests that the line of least resistance will normally be followed, but key issues may not be disclosed or dealt with if the right process is not followed...

The Trend process is used to ensure pending changes are disclosed along with other cost and schedule pressures.



Is everything we ask for necessary? What can't be avoided?

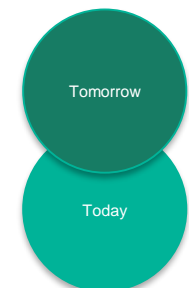
Challenge: The quest for perfect information



Where do we need to get to?

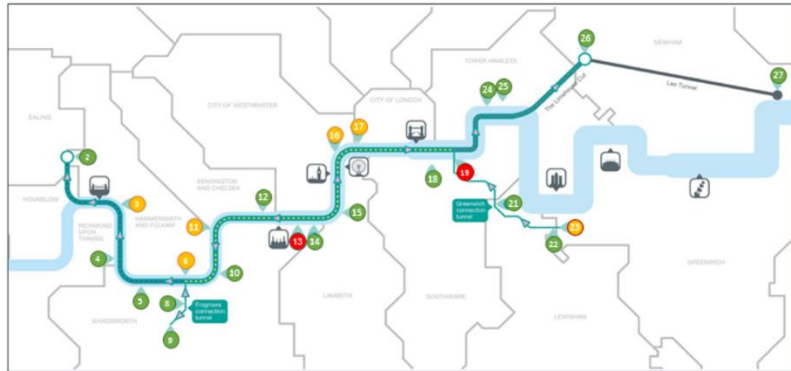
What is a 'nice to have' but not essential?

Will we actually use everything we ask for?

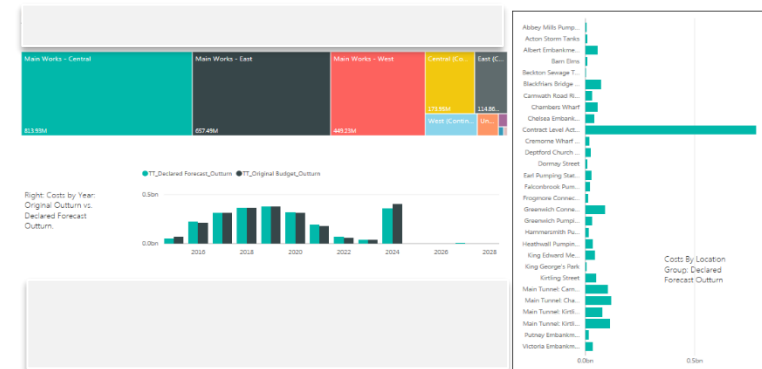


Performance Reporting – an area of development

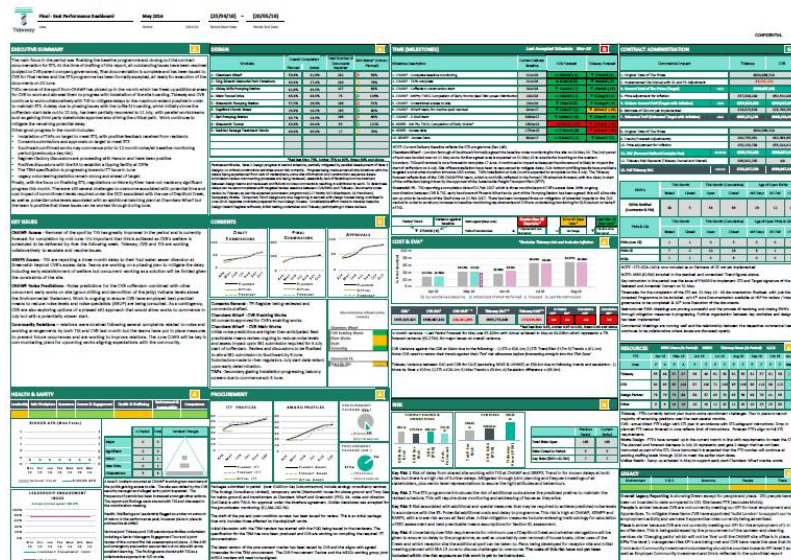
Heat Map



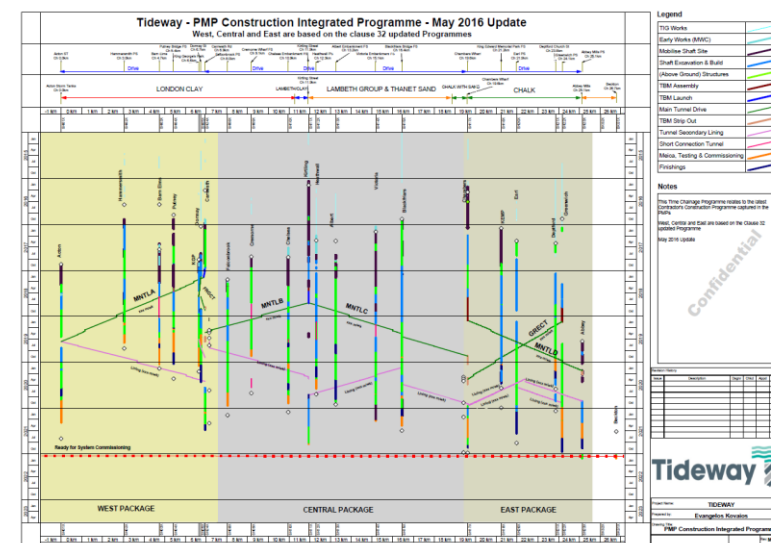
Cost Profile



Contract Dashboard

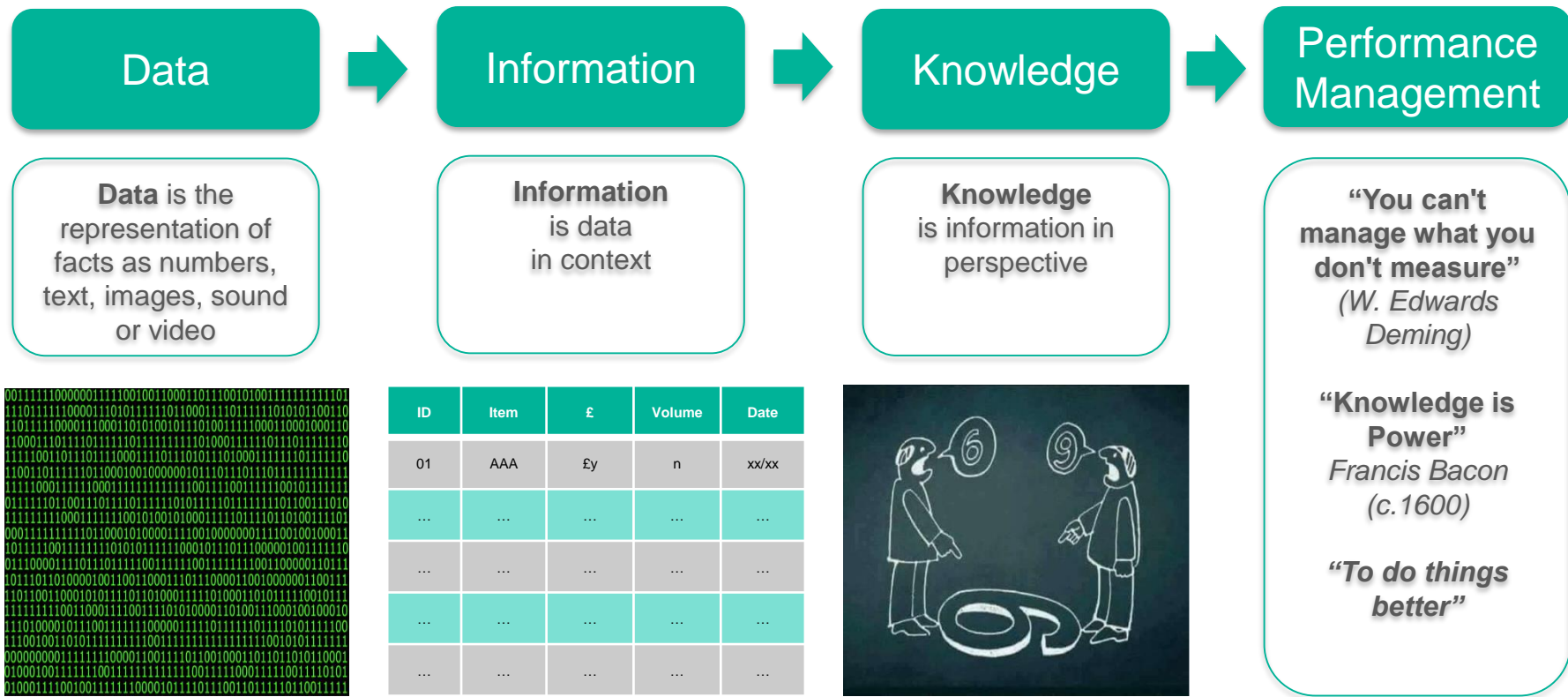


Construction Programme

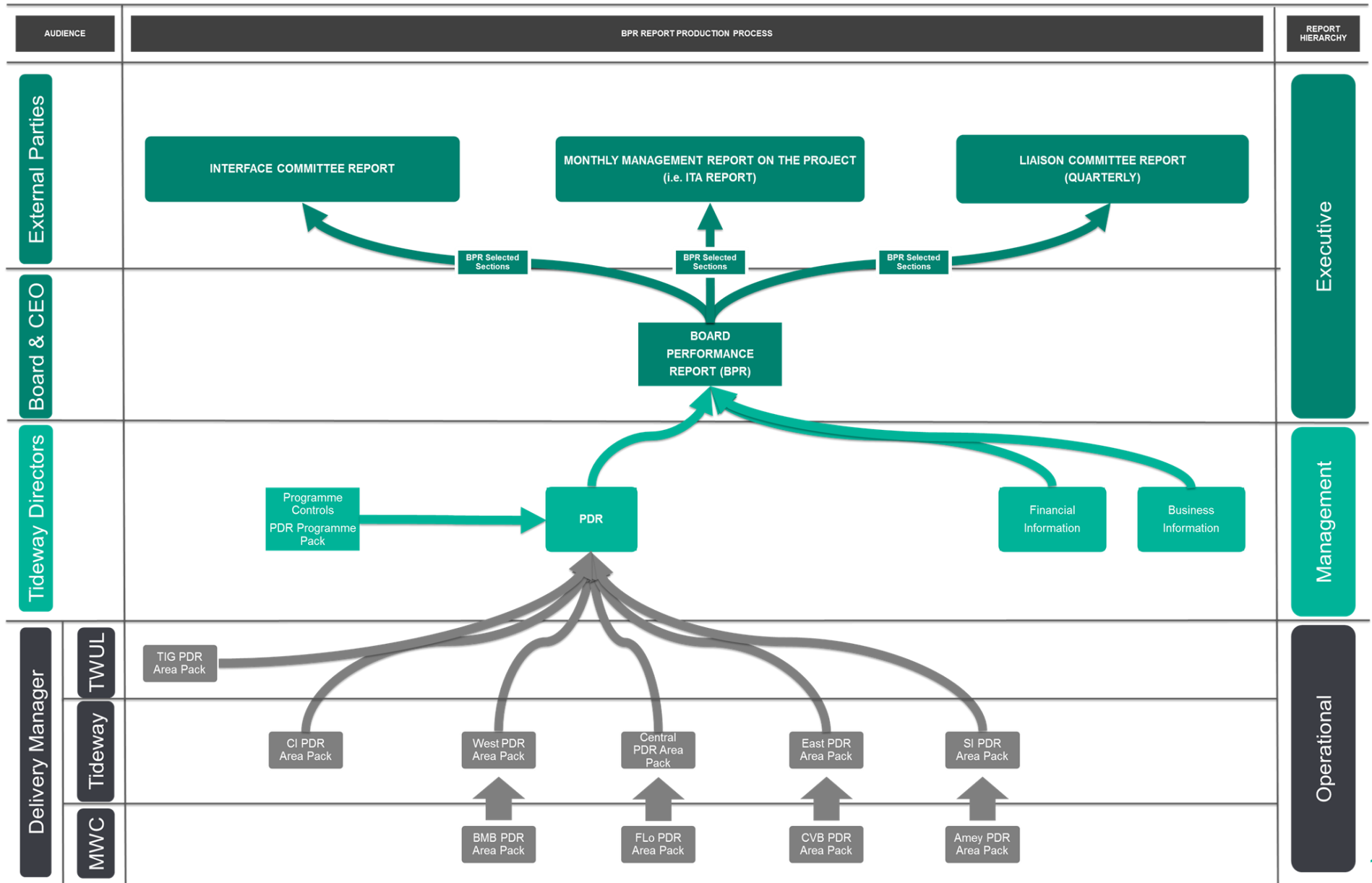


Data Management: What is it and Why is needed?

Data management underpins the work of the Controls function



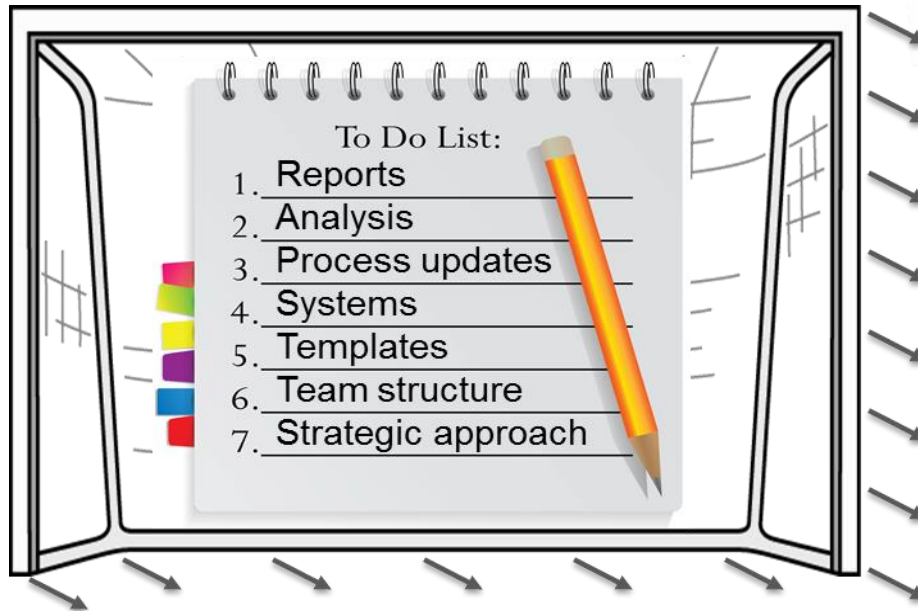
Performance Reporting: Less is More



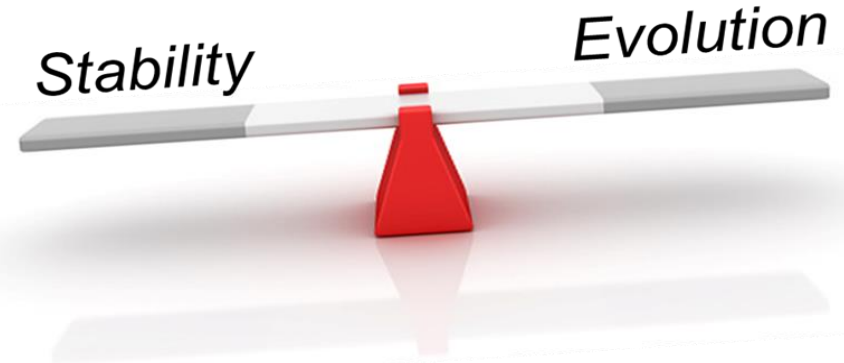
But....do we give the people what they want....?!

Processes, team cohesion and internal culture are immature at the start of the project. Everyone has their own ideas.

The temptation is to continually evolve how things are done, but there's no time for things to settle down....

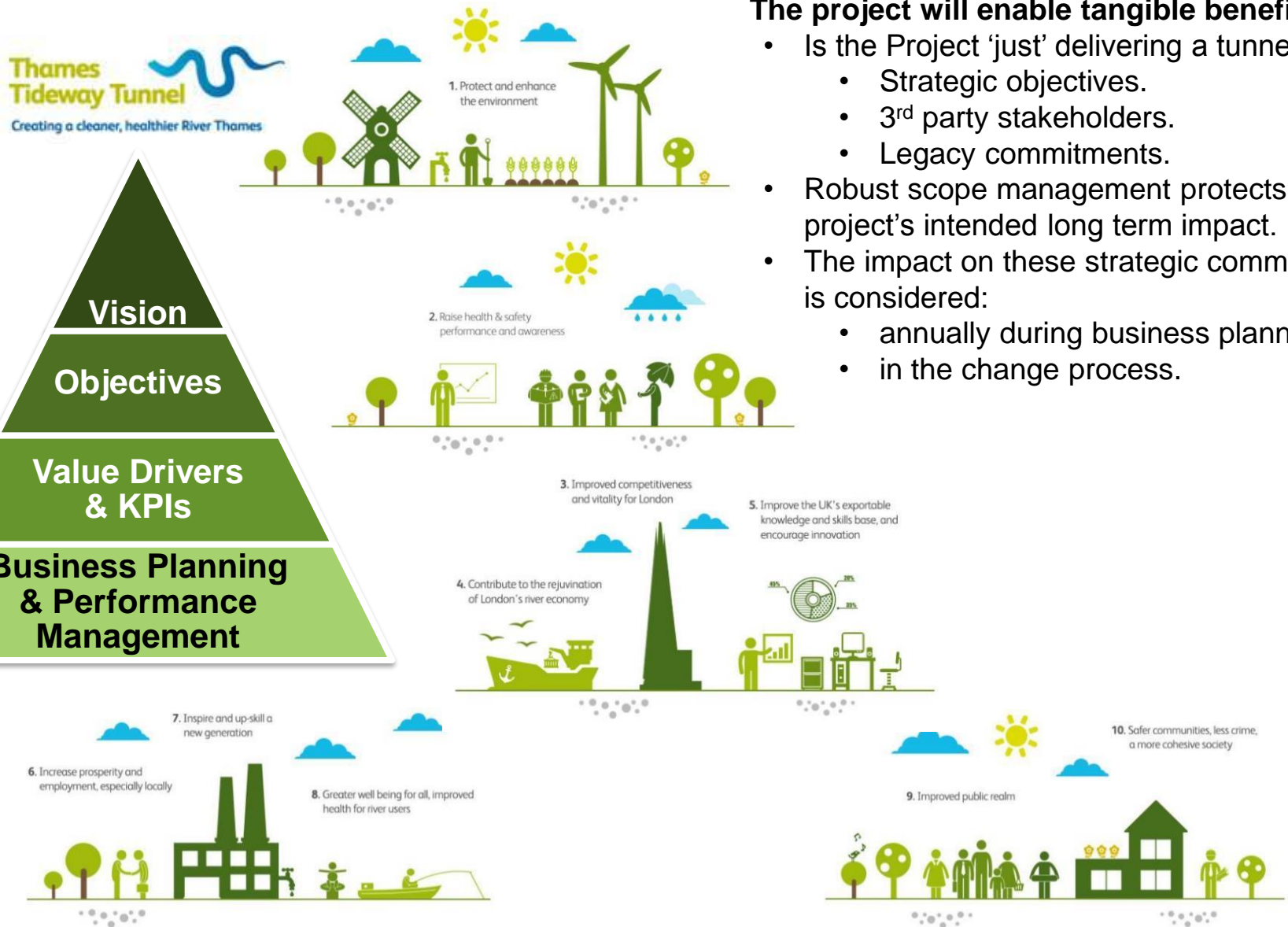


Find the balance:



Teams will struggle to perform until reaching steady state

The end game: maintaining a strategic focus



The project will enable tangible benefits:

- Is the Project 'just' delivering a tunnel?
 - Strategic objectives.
 - 3rd party stakeholders.
 - Legacy commitments.
- Robust scope management protects the project's intended long term impact.
- The impact on these strategic commitments is considered:
 - annually during business planning;
 - in the change process.

What are the key learning points we would pass on?

'Plug and play' where possible, but...

Every context is different. Allow time from the outset to fully understand and communicate the specific Controls requirements.

Play 'away' as well as 'home' – close integration between functions within Controls, and across the wider organisation.

Consider the golden thread across all aspects of the baseline; how does changing one aspect change the others?

Processes & systems alone won't succeed; invest time in people.

Succession planning – staff & contractors will move on.

Learn lessons and share them: record & update assumptions.

Seek to manage the continual evolution of requirements.

Thank you for listening!

michael.nightingale@arcadis.com

07823 369887



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EC HARRIS
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michael.nightingale@tideway.london

07823 369887

